

**一、阅读判断(第 1-10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子, 请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断:如果该句提供的是正确信息, 选择 A;如果该句提供的是错误信息, 选择 B;如果该句的信息文中没有提及, 选择 C。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Do You Love Your Dog More Than Humans?**

Elizabeth Anderson once had a dog named Grace. She and her husband cared for Grace and tried to keep her out of trouble. They took her on vacations and enjoyed her company around the house. When Grace died at age 14, they were deeply upset. Because Grace was a dog, "I was unable to talk to anyone about this great grief," says Anderson.

"But it's common to feel that way after the loss of a dog," says Stanley Coren, a professor of psychology, "Our relationship with dogs is simple. Some might call it true love." The bond between people and their dogs is a lot like love. In one recent study, when the dogs and their owners just looked at each other, they both had a higher level of the hormone(荷尔蒙) associated with love. "It is very natural to form a bond between dogs and humans," says Takefumi Kikusui, author of the study, "But we found the same can't be said for humans and wolves."

"Dogs are man's best friend," says Coren, "We've trained them to be that way. We invented the dog to fit in our lives. For 14,000 years, we've been creating an animal which understands our communications and we understand its communications. They have a bond with us." For example, if a person points to something in a distance, a dog will look in the direction of the finger, just like a human. But what about a wolf? "It would simply look at the finger," Coren says. For Anderson, dogs are more lovable than humans. She says, "They try their best to please us. They want to do whatever we want to do. Their love is not limited, They are good at all the things we enjoy in a relationship."

1. Grace became a member of Anderson's family at 14.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
2. Anderson enjoyed her time with Grace.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
3. Grace died in an accident.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
4. Coren does not understand people's grief over the loss of their dogs.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
5. The bond between humans and dogs can be compared to love.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given

6. Dogs have the hormone associated with love.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
7. Kikusui knows why wolves are different from dogs.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
8. Man started to train dogs 14,000 years ago.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
9. A wolf understands human communications.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given
10. Anderson finds humans more lovable than dogs.  
A. True B. False C. Not Given

**二、阅读选择(第 11~15 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

阅读下面短文, 请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出 1 个最佳选项, 并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

**Marta Garcia: Inspired by Technology**

Marta Garcia is a high school senior. In the past years she has been working on a variety of projects. The projects are part of her work with Techbridge, a nonprofit organization. Techbridge was set up in 2000 to increase the number of women in science, technology, engineering and math (STEM). It offers a range of after-school activities for students. Techbridge focuses on learning by doing. It attracts Marta's interest. "When I was a kid," says Marta, "I wasn't into English. I was really into technology and math. My older sister was in Techbridge. She encouraged me to join. It was something for me to do after school. I found it pretty fun."

Marta has created a complex music-making machine. Her latest project is a digital piano, which shows how far her STEM skills have advanced. Marta's instructors have been following her progress closely. "I've seen her master STEM skills," says Techbridge CEO Linda Kekelis. "She's very confident to face challenges. She isn't afraid of temporary

setbacks." Marta plans to attend Smith College this fall. She is still drawn to math and technology. But she does not want to be limited to one particular course of study. "I'm not sure what I want to do after college graduation," says Marta.

"I know a STEM career is an option." The future will be filled with jobs that require STEM skills. So her love of technology and her experience with Techbridge will serve her well.

11. Techbridge was set up to \_\_\_\_\_  
A. train women teachers B. offer jobs for students

- C. teach STEM at school      D. help girls learn STEM
12. Marta Garcia works with Techbridge to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. develop her interest      B. finish her education
- C. improve her English      D. please her older sister
13. Linda Kekelis is impressed by Marta Garcia's \_\_\_\_\_
- A. Knowledge      B. interests
- C. confidence      D. instructions
14. The word "setbacks" (Para. 3) most probably means" \_\_\_\_\_ "
- A. Advances    B. difficulties    C. activities    D. projects
15. Marta Garcia's experience with Techbridge will \_\_\_\_\_
- A. help her finish university      B. benefit her in the future
- C. limit her to a STEM job      D. let her take fewer courses

### 三、概括段落大意和补全句子(第 16~25 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务:(1)从第 16 — 20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题:(2)从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项, 分别完成每个句子。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### How to Create a Five-Year Career Plan

- ① More and more people choose to make a five-year career plan. They think that the plan can help them to learn where they would like to go in the future. In fact, with a five-year plan, you can document the progress you have already made in your chosen career. You can also learn where you are likely to be heading in the future.
- ② The initial step is to think about an end goal. This can help you to gain focus on your career. When you are setting your end goal, make sure that you do not choose a job purely based on its salary. Though salaries for the job may be high now, demand often changes over time.
- ③ The next step is to get an adviser. An adviser is generally a person who has achieved success in the career that you wish to take. Ideally, an adviser can give you sound career advice. Make sure that you choose your adviser carefully as they may provide you with great insight.
- ④ Next, you will need to think about the abilities that you will need to fulfill your career plan. Assess your current work experience and past education, figure out any specific skills or knowledge you already have; identify any gaps that you will need to fill in order to meet your end goal; and list any opportunities that you can take to improve the skills or knowledge that you have identified.
- ⑤ Finally, you will need to identify the jobs that you would like to take. If you feel

that you already have the required skills and knowledge, apply for them. Even if you fail to get one, you will gain some invaluable knowledge from the interview.

### Task 1

16.Paragraph①:

17.Paragraph②:

18.Paragraph③:

19.Paragraph④:

20. Paragraph⑤:

- A.The first step to make a career plan
- B.The reason for changing a career plan
- C.The right time to apply for desired jobs
- D.The necessity to get some career advice
- E.The importance of having a career plan
- F.The abilities to fulfill a career plan

### Task 2

21.A career plan can give you\_\_\_\_\_.

22. When you choose a job, you should not focus on\_\_\_\_\_.

23. To gain career guidance, you should try\_\_\_\_\_.

24. To fulfill a career plan, you should\_\_\_\_\_.

25. A job interview can\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.the salary alone
- B. to write it well
- C. get well prepared
- D. to find an adviser
- E. offer some useful knowledge
- F. a clear future direction

### 四、填句补文(第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

下面的短文有 5 处空白, 短文后有 6 个句子, 其中 5 个取自短文, 请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置, 以恢复文章原貌, 并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### What Does Happiness Mean?

Happiness in life differs for all of us. 26 Very often we are happy, but we just don't realize it. If you think about what actually makes you happy, you might find you have those things already around you.

Your happiness depends entirely on you. 27 It is something inside you that you have to find and work towards. You can take positive action and make changes



to your life or yourself in order to achieve happiness.

\_\_\_\_28\_\_\_\_ The first step for you to do so is to look at your feelings and ask yourself questions such as "if I could be enjoying something in my life, what would it be?" and "what makes me feel satisfied in my life right now?" Once you understand what your idea of happiness is, you can build on what you have now or focus on changing your life to what you would like it to be.

The important thing to do is to examine your feelings by way of the answers you give to your questions.\_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ You should also focus on the good or bad feelings you get from your questions and answers.

Happiness is something that is already right there inside you. You just have to realize what it is and bring it out to start enjoying life. It can be found in family life, work,relationships, nature or a pet, to name just a few,\_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ The point is where to look. You should look in the right direction, that is, your inner self.

- A. No one else can give it to you.
- B. You should examine them honestly.
- C. Happiness is easy to define.
- D. You should understand what happiness means to you.
- E. Actually, it can be found in anything and any situation.
- F.What makes one person happy may not bring happiness to another.

## 五、填词补文(第 31~40 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 短文后列出 12 个词, 其中 10 个取自短文, 请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌,并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

### Tips for Improving Your Body Image

Some people think that they need to change how they look or act to feel good about themselves, But actually all you need to 31is change the way you see your body and

how you think about yourself,The first thing to do is\_32 that your body is your own. If you're very worried about your weight or size,\_33 with your doctor to verify that things are OK. But it's no one's business but your own what your body is like. Ultimately, you have to be happy with yourself.34, identify which aspects of your appearance you can\_35 change and which you can't. Everyone has things about themselves that they can't change and need to accept,like their height, for example, or their shoe size.

If there are36about yourself that you want to change and can change (such as

how fit you are), do this by setting \_37\_ for yourself. For example, if you want to get fit, 38 make a plan to exercise every day and eat \_39\_ foods. Then keep track of your 40 until you reach your goal. Meeting a challenge you set for yourself is a great way to boost self-esteem!

#### 六、完形补文(第 41~50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 每处空白后的括号内有一个词, 请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中, 以恢复文章原貌, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

#### Does Watching TV Relieve Stress?

After a tough day, you may possibly (possible) turn on the TV. Getting \_41\_ (lose) in your favorite show seems like an \_42\_ (effect) way to relax. But it may make things worse.

It is \_43\_ (general) believed that watching TV can \_44\_ (able) people to relax. It provides a temporary escape from stresses. However, the same can't be \_45\_ (say) for those who are busy and \_46\_ (tire). Those people can feel guilty about \_47\_ (spend) so much time in front of the TV. They tend to see it as a form of procrastination (拖延). In other \_48\_ (word), they are avoiding other important things out of \_49\_ (lazy). They feel they are giving in to TV. That feeling \_50\_ (keep) them from relaxing.

#### 七、短文写作(第 51 题, 30 分)

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

51.

某英文报社正在举办题为“Online Shopping”的征文活动。请你根据下述写作要点提交一篇英文短文应征。

- 你所了解的网上购物情况
- 你对网上购物的看法

**第一部分 阅读判断**

1-5 BACBA    6-10 ACABB

**第二部分 阅读选择**

11-15 DACBB

**第三部分 补全句子**

16-20 EADFC    21-25 FADCE

**第四部分 填句补文**

26-30 FADBE

**第五部分 填词补文**

31-35 FIAEL    36-40 BDGHK

**第六部分 完型补文**

Lost    effective    generally    enable    said    tired    spending    words    laziness  
keeps

**第七部分 作文 略**

**一、第一部分:阅读判断 (第 1~10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

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**The Kid That Saved His Dad**

On a sunny day last April, Bode, then nine, and his father, John Taylor, 54, were snowmobiling around the remote country of Lake Tahoe. As they were driving on the snow, a little dry branch jammed in the brake of John's vehicle. Unable to slow down, John rushed to ward a pine tree. He moved to jump off the vehicle before it crashed, but his pantleg(裤腿) caught underneath it. John felt his leg broken. As he sank six inches into the powdery snow, he could tell his arms and shoulder were injured too. Bode rushed to dig out his father, but John stopped him. They had no water, little food, and no cell phone service. "Get on yours now mobile," John told Bode. "Follow the road, and try to find help."

After a 20-minute ride, Bode spotted a tour group and asked the guide to radio for help. The rescuers quickly appeared on the scene. And Bode led them through the white wilderness to his dad, who was pale and in pain. While they were waiting for a plane to send John to the nearest hospital, the rescuers quickly stabilized his leg. An hour later, he received surgery for the broken leg and internal bleeding.

Today, John's leg has healed enough for him to take Bode out on dirt bikes. Father and son now carry extra devices on their trips, including a two-way radio with an emergency button. "I'm still a little afraid to go out on a snowmobile," says Bode. "But I'm starting to feel better about it." Tisha Shaw, Bode's mother, says her son's courage and quick thinking have led her to treat him as more of an adult. She lets him stay up later at night because "I trust his judgment," she says.

1. Bode and his father went snowmobiling last April.

A. True    B. False    C. Not Given

2. Bode's snowmobile broke down on the way.

A. True    B. False    C. Not Given

3. John had an accident and injured himself.

A. True    B. False    C. Not Given

4. John told his son to make a call for help.

A. True    B. False    C. Not Given

5. A tour guide helped Bode to contact the rescuers.

A.True B. False C. Not Given

6. The rescuers stabilized John's leg on the plane.

A.True B.False C. Not Given

7. John's surgery lasted for a long time.

A.True B.False C. Not Given

8.Bode and his father are better equipped for their trips now.

A. True B.False C. Not Given

9.Bode learned to use the two-way radio quickly.

A. True B.False C. Not Given

10. Tisha Shaw has great praise for her son.

A.True B.False C. Not Given

## 二、第二部分:阅读选择 (第 11 ~ 15 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出 1 个最佳选项, 并在答题纸相应位置上将该项涂黑。

### Exercise at Home

Home exercise is the new phenomenon in fitness. It's easy to see why more and more people are taking interest in home exercise.

All it takes to get results at home is an exercise mat, and some free weights. Even if you don't have these tools, there are several kinds of exercise you can do around the house. You can always try the exercise that uses your own body weight. The secret to success is to exercise the right way without hurting yourself.

At home, you can train at your own time. You are not affected by the timings of your gym or your trainer. This is an excellent solution for stay-at-home moms, and those individuals who work from home or have an irregular work schedule. With the number of tools available today, it is simple to set up a gym atmosphere in the comfort of your own home.

To get results at home, you need self-motivation and discipline, since you're going to be on your own. It's not as hard as you think and can be enjoyable and beneficial. When you are committed mentally to pursuing a leaner, energized and dynamic fitness level, changes happen much faster.

There're some other advantages home exercise has over a health club. After all, a club is a social institution. If one gets there to socialize more, he will exercise less. A club could also be crowded. Many people may wait in line for the equipment. With home exercise, there's no waiting period. So, many individuals are now exercising at home. In fact, as a recent study says, exercising at home is just as beneficial as working out at a health club. It also found that people who trained at

home were more likely to stick with their program than those who exercised at a club.

11. A good aspect about home exercise is that it\_\_\_\_\_

- A. causes no injury
- B. yields quick results
- C. requires few tools
- D. takes little hard work

12. Home exercise best fits \_\_\_\_\_

- A. housewives
- B. policewomen
- C. office workers
- D. school children

13. To achieve the desired results from home exercise, you need to\_\_\_\_\_

- A. enjoy yourself
- B. know its benefits
- C. discipline yourself
- D. record your changes

14. People who go to health clubs are likely to\_\_\_\_\_

- A. stick with their favorite programs
- B. make better use of gym equipment
- C. reap more gains from the training
- D. spend much time making friends

15. This passage mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_

- A. types of home exercise
- B. advantages of home exercise
- C. ways to do home exercise
- D. people fit for home exercise

### 三、第三部分:概括段落大意和补全句子 (第 16~25 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务:(1) 从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的段落大意;(2) 从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项, 分别完成每个句子。在答题纸相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### Secrets About Professional Chocolate Tasters

① People's faces light up when I say I taste chocolate for a living, but it's not always delicious. I also have to taste bad chocolate, I'm usually in a small room and sit in front of a computer to record information. Sometimes the room has red

lighting. So I can evaluate chocolate only by taste, not appearance.

② I can sample as many as 30 chocolates per day. To taste them professionally, I spit the sweets back out. That's another not-so-sweet part of the job. Between samples, I wait 30 seconds to let my senses rest, and I chew half an unsalted biscuit and drink plain warm water.

③ First I smell the chocolate and record it, I also listen: Old chocolate doesn't make a clear and sharp sound when broken. Then I put a tiny piece in my mouth and leave it there for a few seconds. I let it melt and record the four basic tastes-sweet, sour, bitter and salty.

④ I love chocolate. The bottom part of my refrigerator is filled with chocolate from different parts of the world. My favorite types are very high in cocoa (可可粉). Before I started tasting chocolate professionally, I ate a lot, But now I don't eat so much.

⑤ Many people don't know how to appreciate the taste of chocolate. As a taster, I want to help others do what I do. To retrain your taste buds to enjoy better quality chocolate, try simple kinds that aren't filled with ingredients like nuts, Look at food with curiosity and love. Notice its color, smell and taste. Then you'll know good quality.

### Task 1

16.Paragraph①:

17.Paragraph②:

18.Paragraph③:

19.Paragraph④:

20. Paragraph⑤:

- A. How I keep a good sense of taste.
- B. You can taste chocolate like a professional.
- C. Tasting chocolate requires skills.
- D. Tasting chocolate is not as sweet as you think
- E. Tasting chocolate is the best job ever.
- F. I'm still a chocolate lover.

### Task 2

21.Red lights are used to disguise\_\_\_\_\_

22. I let my senses rest\_\_\_\_\_

23. I listen to tell whether a sample\_\_\_\_\_

24. I ate a lot of chocolate\_\_\_\_\_

25. Ingredients like nuts may affect\_\_\_\_\_

- A. is old or fresh
- B. is made of cocoa
- C. your tasting
- D. after I taste each sample
- E. before I became a taster
- F. the appearance of chocolate

### 四、第四部分:填句补文(第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

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### How to Shoot a Movie

A movie is a series of pictures, Each image is a still picture, just like a picture you take with a regular camera. But the pictures flash by so fast in a movie. As a result, you see horses run, people talk, and other kinds of motion. 26 Movies are also called films because they are filmed.

Lots of work has to be done before the filming begins. The producer and the director plan how and when they will film each scene.

A movie is filmed scene by scene. 27 The scenes are not usually filmed in the order you see in the movie. Sometimes the weather is bad and an outdoor scene cannot be filmed. Big fancy sets take a long time to build. Scenes using these sets are often shot later. However, you may see them at the beginning of the film.

Sometimes a movie needs special effects. They include small models of huge scenes and cleverly designed sets. 28 Moviemakers use these to film scenes and places that do not exist. They might use a small model of a large building to film the building falling down. Films can be turned into computer files. 29 They can use computers to make new images. For example, dinosaurs (恐龙) made by computer looked like they were flying in some films.

30 Many images in Titanic, including crowds of people on the ship, were actually made by computer. In some other films, computers were used to make the actors look as if they were fighting while floating in the air.

- A. And a scene is filmed shot by shot.
- B. Computers can even make images of actors.
- C. Moviemaking includes several different stages.
- D. They also include computer-made images.
- E. That's why movies are sometimes called motion pictures.
- F. Moviemakers can then change the images any way they want.

### 五、第五部分:填词补文(第 31~40 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

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### Friendship and Loyalty

Loyalty found in a friend is similar to making a deposit in a bank account.



More often than not, your deposits 31 interest, an interest in your well-being and welfare. A loyal friend attracts another loyal friend. In essence, water does seek its own level. If you were a best loyal friend, 32 I'm sure you understand the principle of loyalty in a friend, You should never 33 your best loyal friend to gain more friends or make yourself seem more 34 to others, These are not the traits of a best loyal friend. A best loyal friend doesn't care who is invited to your party. They will 35 your party and celebrate you, just in the way a best loyal friend should do.

Reconnecting with a best loyal friend is 36 to do on the Internet. A virtual friend, 37, doesn't assure you of his loyalty, My 38 to you is that you'd better pay 39 to the smiling faces on the Internet, In the 1980s we were warned of smiling faces in a song, which contained these lyrics (歌词), "A smile is just a frown turned upside down, my friend." Now, that is the 40 for my generation.

A. Truth	E.important	I. However
B. Attend	F. Caution	J. Know
C. Attention	G. impatient	K. exploit
D. Then	H. Gain	L. Easier

#### 六、第六部分:完形补文(第 41~50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 每处空白后的括号内有一个词, 请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中, 以恢复文章原貌, 并将答案写在答题纸相应的位置上。

#### Ambition Can Lead to Success

Since his early years Reid had been thinking (think) of changing the world. As he grew 41 (old) he became interested in the Internet and the tech industry. At first, he started a social network, But 42 (fortunately) he faced big problems that forced him to stop.

One day Reid got an idea, It was to provide a 43 (solve) for people to pay online. They could use their emails instead of credit 44 (card). Reid called his idea PayPal. PayPal faced tough competition from large credit card companies. It was hardly 45 (profit), but after a long struggle, it became 46 (success).

Reid was not 47 (satisfy). He kept searching for the next big thing that can help him improve people's lives. One day he 48 (find) that people spend a lot of time 49 (look) for jobs online. So he decided to create a website that connects employers with job seekers and 50 (name) it LinkedIn.

**七、第七部分:短文写作(第 51 题, 30 分)**

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题纸相应的位置上。

51.

某英文报社正在举办题为 “My Goal for Next Year” 的征文活动。  
请你根据下述写作要点提交一篇英文短文应征。

- 你明年的目标是什么
- 你打算如何实现这一目标

**第一部分:阅读判断。(第 1~10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

1.A 2.B 3.A 4.B 5.A 6.B 7.C 8.A 9.C 10.A

**第二部分:阅读选择 (第 11~15 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

11.C 12.A 13.C 14.D 15.B

**第三部分:概括段落大意和补全句子 (第 16~25 题, 每题 1 分共 10 分)**

16.D 17.A 18.C 19.F 20.B

21.F 22.D 23.A 24.E 25.C

**第四部分: 填句补文 (第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

26.E 27.A 28.D 29.F 30.B

**第五部分: 填词补文(第 31~40 题,每题 1.5 分,共 15 分)**

31.H 32.D 33.K 34.E 35.B

36.L 37.I 38.F 39.C 40.A

**第六部分: 完形补文(第 41~50 题,每题 1.5 分,共 15 分)**

41. older 42. unfortunately 43. solution 44. cards 45. profitable

46. successful 47. satisfied 48. found 49. looking 50. named

**第七部分: 短文写作**

某英文报社正在举办题为 “My Goal for Next Year” 的征文活动, 请你根据以下要点, 提交一篇英语短文以便

1. 你明年的目标是什么?

2. 你打算如何实现这一目标?

Goal for Next Year (参考范文)

As the current year comes to an end, it's time to reflect on our achievements and set new goals for the upcoming year. My goal for next year is to improve my time management skills. I want to be more organized and efficient in managing my time, both in my personal and professional life. By improving my time management skills, I aim to prioritize my tasks effectively, avoid procrastination, and make the most of each day. I plan to create a daily schedule and stick to it, allocating specific time slots for different activities and setting realistic deadlines for myself. With better time management, I believe I will be able to achieve a better work-life balance, reduce stress, and increase productivity. I am excited about this goal and look forward to the positive impact it will have on my overall well-being and success in the coming year. In conclusion, my goal for next year is to improve my time management skills. I believe that by doing so, I will be able to make the most of my time, achieve my objectives, and lead a more fulfilling and balanced life.

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子，请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断：如果该句提供的是正确信息，选择 A；如果该句提供的是错误信息，选择 B；如果该句的信息文中没有提及，选择 C。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

### Why Dogs Bury Their Favorite Bones

You may find it crazy that your dog buries his favorite bone or chew toy, only to dig it up a day or two later, but there is actually a reason behind it—it is simply in their nature. For thousands of years, dogs have buried their bones. The practice itself started long before dogs were even pets when they had to bury bones to survive.

When dogs lived in the wild, sometimes food was scarce. If they were able to find food, dogs became very protective of it. Sometimes they would have more bones than they could eat for one meal. To keep other dogs and animals from stealing their bones, dogs would bury them in the ground. When it was time for the next meal, they would dig up their bones and enjoy them again. This would continue until the bones were gone.

Even though most dogs have plenty of food to eat today, their instincts still tell them to bury their bones and favorite toys. They do this to keep other dogs and animals from stealing them, just like their ancestors did. Some dogs keep at least two bones buried at once. When they want to dig up one, they will bury one more. This may leave a backyard full of holes and bones.

How do dogs decide where to bury their bones? A dog cannot bury a bone just anywhere. He must first find the perfect spot. This involves using his nose to find a spot that is free from other dogs and animals. Often it is near a tree or a large rock, but it could be anywhere in the yard. Once the dog finds the perfect spot, he uses his front paws to dig a hole, drops the bone in and covers up the hole to protect his treasure.

1. Dogs bury their favorite bones or chew toys by nature.

A. True

B. False

C. Not Given

2. Dogs started to bury their bones when they became pets.

A. True

B. False

C. Not Given

3. Dogs in the wild occasionally had enough food.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
4. Dogs would bury their extra food for their babies.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
5. Animals would start a fierce fight over food in ancient times.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
6. Some dogs tend to store up more than one bone at the same time.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
7. The backyard of a dog owner may be full of holes dug by his dog.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
8. Dogs often bury their bones far away from trees.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
9. Dogs use their paws to find spots for burying bones.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
10. Dogs bury more bones than chew toys.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11～15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项，并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

### Public Wi-Fi Users Neglect Safety

A recent survey shows that 25% of Internet users have done online banking through public Wi-Fi in the last three months. It also shows that 27% have bought a product or service with a credit card this way.

Experts worry that hackers (黑客) will take advantage of these practices. Doug Shadel said that hackers usually attack in two ways. They may create Wi-Fi hotspots that have the same name of the ones you trust, such as a hotel or a coffee shop. They may also provide a stronger Wi-Fi signal to get between you and the safe hotspot. In either case, the hackers can see your email, credit card information, user names and passwords.

Sometimes hackers just set up their electronic traps near a business where people enjoy the free Wi-Fi. "In most cases they are after your personal information," Shadel said. "If you use the same user name and password for many accounts, they can get into them all. It's possible for any hacker to do it. The software to hack into a Wi-Fi network is available at little or no cost."



“It’s difficult for people to know if a Wi-Fi network is safe,” Shadel said. “So you should just think they are not. Any shared Internet access, free or paid, carries the same level of risk. It is safe only when you or someone you trust directly controls it.”

Shadel sometimes checks email through public Wi-Fi. But he never does any banking that way. In an unfamiliar place, he uses a Virtual Private Network (VPN). “This service creates a passage between your device and a safe place on the Internet,” he said.

11. A recent survey finds that 25% of Internet users use public Wi-Fi to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. do banking      B. buy things      C. provide service      D. play cards
12. The phrase “take advantage of” (Para. 2) can best be replaced by “\_\_\_\_\_”.  
A. adjust to      B. benefit from      C. lead to      D. result from
13. According to Shadel, any hacker can \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. create different passwords      B. open an electronic account  
C. steal people’s information      D. write software for businesses
14. For the sake of safety, Internet users are advised to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. test shared Internet access      B. rely on paid Internet access  
C. look for free Internet access      D. avoid shared Internet access
15. Shadel uses public Wi-Fi to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. learn about VPN      B. deal with his emails  
C. keep his account safe      D. handle financial matters

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务：（1）从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的段落大意；（2）从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项，分别完成每个句子。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

### I Use Every Second Before I Go to Work

① I wake up at 6 a.m. every day. The first thing I do when I wake up is grab my smartphone and take it to the bathroom with me, where I start my day by consuming quite a lot of information. I go to some websites, but the main site that I focus on during this time is Nuzzel, a collector of headlines and links. I recommend everyone look into it if they feel they don’t have time to properly focus on every website individually.

② After visiting those sites, I head to Twitter, my No.1 outlet for communication with the public. Twitter is becoming a listening platform. There is such a volume of information on the platform that you need pay attention to. So I spend a great amount of my morning responding to people and starting conversations.

③ After all this comes my workout (锻炼) with my trainer. I usually work out for about 45 minutes. The specific workout routine varies depending on the day of the week, what I ate, and how much I've been traveling.

④ After the workout, I head back home to get my children ready for school. I say bye to them and give them each a kiss before they leave. Then, I'm off to my office, often before 9 a.m.

⑤ In the car to my office, I call my mom, dad or sister. I talk to them just to learn what they're up to. I really value those small moments. By the time I step into my office, so much is going through my head. My day starts the minute I open my eyes.

### Task 1

16. Paragraph ①:

17. Paragraph ②:

18. Paragraph ③:

19. Paragraph ④:

20. Paragraph ⑤:

- A. I do some morning exercise.
- B. I phone my parents or sister.
- C. I prepare my kids for school.
- D. I communicate with others online.
- E. I help my kids with their homework.
- F. I visit websites to get information.

### Task 2

21. Nuzzel helps me \_\_\_\_\_.

22. On Twitter I am able \_\_\_\_\_.

23. There are several factors that \_\_\_\_\_.

24. Before my kids go to school, I \_\_\_\_\_.

25. I call my parents \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to listen to others
- B. step into my office
- C. kiss them goodbye
- D. affect my workout routine
- E. to learn how they are doing
- F. to surf the Internet efficiently

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Banning Mobile Phones at School**

It is a question that keeps some parents awake at night. Should children be allowed to take mobile phones to school? 26 For parents who want their children to do well at school, it is no.

Banning mobile phones at school is effective. According to a UK study, after schools banned mobile phones, the test scores of students improved by 6.4%. The findings will influence the debate about children and mobile phones. In the UK, more than 90% of teenagers own a mobile phone; in the US, 75% have one. The popular mobile phone is a problem in the eye of teachers. 27 In a 2001 survey, no school banned mobiles. By 2007, this had risen to 50%. By 2012, 98% of schools had taken action. Some did not allow phones. The others required them to be handed in at the beginning of the day.

28 New York City has lifted a 10-year ban on phones at school. It says that lifting the ban will promote equality. "This view is wrong," the researchers of the UK study write. "We found that the ban led to improvements in test scores among students. Low-achieving students gained the most. 29 Allowing phones into schools will harm the lowest-achieving students the most."

The UK study was carried out at Birmingham, London, Leicester and Manchester schools before and after bans were introduced. "Technology is commonly viewed as increasing efficiency," the researchers write. "Modern technology is used in the classroom to improve student performance. 30 Some students will pay no attention to their class."

- A. They are worried about the trend.
  - B. The mobile phone is a good example.
  - C. However, there are potential problems.
  - D. Now researchers say that they have an answer.
  - E. Therefore, lifting the ban may in fact lead to the opposite.
  - F. However, some schools are starting to allow limited use of mobile phones.



第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，短文后列出 12 个词，其中 10 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Failing Forward**

There are several key abilities that allow successful people to fail forward instead of taking each setback personally. First, successful people don't blame themselves when they fail. They take 31 for each setback, but they don't take the failure personally. Second, successful people don't 32 themselves by individual failures. They 33 that each setback is a small 34 of the whole. Third, achievers are 35 to vary their approaches to problems. That's important in every walk of life. If one 36 doesn't work for you, if it brings repeated failures, 37 try something else. To fail forward, you must do what works for you, not 38 what works for other people. Finally, successful people are 39. They don't let one error keep them down. They learn from their mistakes and 40 on.

- |                   |                |              |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| A. lucky          | E. necessarily | I. approach  |
| B. move           | F. part        | J. recognize |
| C. responsibility | G. tough       | K. easily    |
| D. then           | H. willing     | L. define    |

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，每处空白后的括号内有一个词，请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

**Achieving Success in a Presentation**

The success of a presentation (present) is leaving your audience with something of value. What do they get from 41 (spend) time listening to your presentation? Many people think that they need to be brilliant to present well. They think that they need to be smart, witty and 42 (charm) before they start to write a speech. Those qualities can come 43 (natural), but most often, they come as a result of the passion and knowledge of the 44 (speak).

One of the vital factors in having an 45 (effect) presentation is serving the needs of your audience. Caring for your audience's needs 46 (require) no perfection. You can make 47 (mistake) and it's going to be OK. The 48 (equip) can fail and it's still going to be OK. You don't have to use humor to be a 49 (win). With that in mind, the real point is more like being successful at 50 (reach) your audience.

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

51.

假设你刚找到一份满意的工作。请给你的美国朋友 Tom 写一封英文电子邮件，分享你的喜悦，内容包括：

- 你找了一份什么工作
- 你为什么喜欢这份工作

请以 Li Ke 署名。

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

- |      |      |      |      |       |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. A | 2. A | 3. B | 4. C | 5. C  |
| 6. A | 7. A | 8. B | 9. B | 10. C |

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11. A | 12. B | 13. C | 14. D | 15. B |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 16. F | 17. D | 18. A | 19. C | 20. B |
| 21. F | 22. A | 23. D | 24. C | 25. E |

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 26. D | 27. A | 28. F | 29. E | 30. C |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31. C | 32. L | 33. J | 34. F | 35. H |
| 36. I | 37. D | 38. E | 39. G | 40. B |

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

- |              |              |               |             |               |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 41. spending | 42. charming | 43. naturally | 44. speaker | 45. effective |
| 46. requires | 47. mistakes | 48. equipment | 49. winner  | 50. reaching  |

【评分参考】本部分无 0.5 和 1 分的计分。语法错误或拼写错误均不给分；英、美拼写均可接受；大小写错误不扣分。

【评分参考】本部分无 0.5 和 1 分的计分。语法错误或拼写错误均不给分；英、美拼写均可接受；大小写错误不扣分。

**第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）**

**参考范文：**

Dear Tom

I hope this email finds you well. I just wanted to share some exciting news with you. I recently found a job that I'm really happy about and wanted to tell you all about it.

I like to be a teacher. Three reasons have led me to choose this job. First, teaching is learning. To make my lectures more helpful and interesting, I have to read more books, learn new knowledge and gain a better understanding of the world, which is the very thing I enjoy in my life. Second, teaching means freedom and independence. As a teacher, I'm free to use my own ideas and make my own decisions. Finally, I like teaching because it offers certain peace of mind.

All in all, the reasons above make me like teaching best.

Anyway, I just wanted to share my good news with you. Hope you're doing well!

Your sincerely

Li Ke

**第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）**

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子，请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断：如果该句提供的是正确信息，选择 A；如果该句提供的是错误信息，选择 B；如果该句的信息文中没有提及，选择 C。

**Famous Brands**

Why do we always buy certain shoes or clothes that have a famous brand? Why do we have to copy other people? The people we often admire the most are those who have their own styles. They don't want to copy someone else's.

Big companies give free products to famous people, such as sportsmen and movie stars. They intend to get people like you to buy their products. When you spend a lot of money on an expensive pair of shoes, they may not suit you. You might enjoy more if you buy something else at the same price! Besides the brand, you may want to know why they are asking that price. The brand may sometimes have nothing to do with the quality of the product.

It can be of bad quality and badly made. This makes you think why it has the designer's name on it. It's very important for designers to use their creative talent to make something beautiful. But today the making of money has become more important. So they just copy other products and their standards fall. Creative products should be available to people at a reasonable price. In this way, big companies wouldn't be able to dominate (控制) the market and encourage people to spend too much money on their products.

They are dominating the market by telling us what to buy. If you go into a toy shop or children's clothes shop, you'll find the whole section for girls is almost all pink. Because of the domination of big companies, the original arts and crafts are beginning to die out. It would be a real shame if these arts and crafts were to disappear.

1. We like the people with their own styles.

A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

2. Big companies give famous people free products to attract buyers.

A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

3. Expensive products often suit people better.



- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
4. Famous brand products are of better quality.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
5. Creativity is important in making good products.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
6. Famous designers work overtime.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
7. Young people like creative products.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
8. Big companies price their products reasonably.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
9. Mothers prefer to shop for children's clothes.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|
10. The domination of big companies does harm to creativity.
- |         |          |              |
|---------|----------|--------------|
| A. True | B. False | C. Not Given |
|---------|----------|--------------|

**第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）**

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项。

**Self-esteem （自尊） and Body Image**

Self-esteem is all about what people think of themselves. It is important because feeling good about yourself can affect how you act. People who have high self-esteem will make friends easily. They are more in control of their behavior, and will enjoy life more.

Some teenagers struggle with their self-esteem when they grow into adults because the body goes through many changes. Along with the changes comes a natural desire to feel accepted. What's more, they can't help but compare themselves with others. They may compare themselves with the people around them or with actors and other famous people they see on TV, in movies, or in magazines.

The physical changes can affect how both girls and boys feel about themselves. Some girls may feel uncomfortable about their growing bodies. Others may wish that they were developing faster. Girls may feel like being thin but boys may feel like they don't look big enough.

It's not just body development that affects self-esteem. Many other factors can affect a person's body image too. Family life, for example, can sometimes influence self-esteem. Some parents spend more time criticizing their kids and the way they look than praising them. This can reduce kids' ability to develop good self-esteem. Also their classmates and peers may *tease* them about the way they look. These sometimes can affect their self-esteem.

If there are things about yourself that you want to change and you can change, do this by making goals for yourself. If there are things that you can't change, recognize that your body is your own. It's no one's business but your own what your body is like. Actually, to be happy with yourself, all you need to do is to change the way you see your body.

11. People with high self-esteem often \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. control others' behavior                      B. think highly of others  
C. have lots of friends                          D. work very hard
12. Some teenagers struggle with their self-esteem because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. their teachers don't like them              B. their bodies have changed a lot  
C. they cannot accept famous people        D. they need more time to watch TV
13. The word "tease" (Line 5, Para.4) most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. laugh at                      B. talk about C. argue with D. look at
14. To help kids develop good self-esteem, parents should \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. compare them with others                      B. make goals for them  
C. criticize their peers                              D. praise them
15. To be happy with yourself you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. do business                                      B. love your body  
C. find new friends                                  D. change your behavior

### 第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务：（1）从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的段落大意；（2）从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项，分别完成每个句子。

#### Helping Children Cope with Stress

① To adults, childhood can seem to be happy and free from worries. But children still experience stress. Things like school and their social life can sometimes create pressures that are too difficult for them to deal with. While they may not talk about their troubles, they do want their parents to reach out and help them.

② Children deal with stress in both healthy and unhealthy ways. As a parent, you can't protect your children from stress, but you can help them develop healthy ways to cope with stress and solve everyday problems. By doing so, you not only help your children handle their current stresses, but also prepare them to deal with future stresses. Here are a few tips for you.

③ When you notice that something is upsetting your child, you need to tell your child about it. If you can, name the feeling you think your child is experiencing. This shouldn't sound like blame. It's just a casual observation, and you're interested in hearing more about your child's concern. Be sympathetic and show that you care and want to understand.

④ Also ask your child to tell you what's wrong. Listen attentively and calmly-with interest, patience, openness, and caring. Don't hurry to make judgements. Do not blame or criticize your child for what he or she has done. The idea is to listen to your child's concerns and feelings. Try to get the whole story by patiently asking questions. Take your time. And let your child take his or her time, too.

⑤ Remember to be patient. As a parent, it hurts to see your child unhappy or stressed. But you should not try to solve every problem for your child. Instead, try to help your child grow into a good problem-solver-a child who knows how to deal with life's ups and downs, express feelings in words, calm down when needed, and never give in to difficulties.

#### Task 1

16. Paragraph ①:

17. Paragraph ②:

18. Paragraph ③:

19. Paragraph ④:

20. Paragraph ⑤:

- A. Help your child deal with stress
- B. Show your concern and care
- C. Be patient with your child
- D. Stories help children
- E. Listen to your child
- F. Children have stress

#### Task 2

21. Children can meet pressures \_\_\_\_\_.

22. Parents can help their children cope with stress \_\_\_\_\_.

23. Talk to your child when he/she is \_\_\_\_\_.

24. Don't blame your child for \_\_\_\_\_.

25. Parents should teach their children \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in trouble
- B. in healthy ways
- C. to forget their problems
- D. what he/she has done
- E. from school and their social life
- F. to solve problems themselves

#### 第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题,每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文,请根据短文内容将



其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌。

### The Coyote (丛林狼)

The coyote is a relative of the dog and the wolf. Like its relatives, it mostly feeds on other animals. It will, however, eat a wide variety of foods, including insects, fruits and vegetables.

Coyotes are found throughout most of North America, from Mexico and Central America to Canada and Alaska. The color of its coat depends on where it lives. 26

Like the wolf, coyotes live in groups, or packs. The coyote pack is usually smaller than a wolf pack. 27 The pack will often divide into pairs to hunt. Female coyotes give birth to baby coyotes once a year. Over half of the babies will die before they reach adulthood. Male babies usually leave the pack to find their own territory. 28

Wolves and coyotes compete for the same animals for food. Since the coyote is smaller than the wolf, wolves will usually drive the coyote out of any shared living areas.

The coyote adapts easily to new areas. Unlike the wolf, the coyote's living area increased when more and more people settled across North America. 29 Once the New England settlers eliminated wolves, the coyote moved in. Scientists who have studied the coyote believe it is better than the wolf at living in human areas.

30 They find enough supply of food in these areas, since coyotes are willing to eat garbage, rodents (such as rabbits and mice) and even small pets. Scientists estimate that as many as 2,000 coyotes may be living in the Chicago area.

- A. Female babies stay with the parent's pack.
- B. The coyote is not an endangered species.
- C. Coyotes are now found in most large cities.
- D. All members of the pack are usually related.
- E. Mountain coyotes are darker than those living in the desert.
- F. For example, the coyote was not native to New England.

### 第五部分:填词补文 (第 31~40 题,每题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白,短文后列出 12 个词,其中 10 个取自短文,请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌。



### Slavery in the United States

In most parts of the United States in the early 1800s, blacks had no rights at all. They did not have the right to vote. It was against the 31 for them to go to school with whites. In some states, it was even 32 for them to learn to read and write. Free people had the right to come and go as they 33, but slaves had to have a pass, or paper, from their 34 in order to leave the master's land. Slaves were often 35 from their families when they were sold. They had to work very 36 hours, but were not paid. If they did not do as they were told, they could be beaten. If they tried to escape, they were hunted down with dogs, and could be tortured or even 37 when caught.

Until about 1800, there were slaves in 38 every state in the United States. But slaves were not a big part of the Northern way of 39. Northern factories hired workers and did not use slaves. By 1850, all Northern states had made slavery illegal.

In the Southern states, however, most of the field workers were slaves; one out of every four families 40 slaves. These people were often rich and had large farms.

- |              |           |           |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| A. seldom    | E. killed | I. long   |
| B. master    | F. life   | J. almost |
| C. separated | G. owned  | K. liked  |
| D. illegal   | H. law    | L. played |

### 第六部分:完形补文 (第 41~50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 每处空白后的括号内有一个词, 请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中, 以恢复文章原貌。

#### Rubbish: Easy to Produce, but Hard to Get Rid of

We produce a lot of rubbish. There is no question about it. The amount of rubbish we throw away is surprising (**surprise**). Scientists report that Americans produce about five 41 (**pound**) of rubbish per person—every day. Forty years ago, each person 42 (**produce**) only half of it each day. There are 43 (**near**) 300 million people in the US. You do the math. How much rubbish do we produce every day?

In 44 **(add)** to the amount of rubbish we produce, how we get rid of it is another problem. The plastic bags that we place outside of our homes need to be 45 **(carry)** away every week. These bags are not 46 **(friend)** to the environment at all.

Nobody is sure how long a plastic bag takes to totally break down, because we've only been 47 **(use)** plastic as a business for about 90 years. It is 48 **(believe)**, however, that it may take 100 years for a plastic bag to completely break down. I am sure that you will feel 49 **(happy)** to think that a plastic bag can live longer than the 50 **(major)** of people on earth.

**第七部分:短文写作 (第 51 题, 30 分)**

**根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。**

**51.**

假设你的外国朋友 John 想学习汉语, 征求你的意见。请给他写一封电子邮件, 内容包括:

- 支持他学汉语;
- 给出学习建议。

请以 Li Ke 署名。

**第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）**

1. A    2. A    3. B    4. B    5. A    6. C    7. C    8. B    9. C    10. A

**第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）**

11. C    12. B    13. A    14. D    15. B

**第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）**

16. F    17. A    18. B    19. E    20. C    21. E    22. B    23. A    24. D    25. F

**第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）**

26. E    27. D    28. A    29. F    30. C

**第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）**

31. H    32. D    33. K    34. B    35. C    36. I    37. E    38. J    39. F    40. G

**第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）**

41. pounds    42. produced    43. nearly    44. addition    45. carried  
46. friendly    47. using    48. believed    49. unhappy    50. majority

**【评分参考】** 本部分无 0.5 和 1 分的计分。语法错误或拼写错误均不给分；英、美拼写均可接受；大小写错误不扣分。

**第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）**

51. 写作范文  
略

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子，请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断：如果该句提供的是正确信息，选择 A；如果该句提供的是错误信息，选择 B；如果该句的信息文中没有提及，选择 C。在答题纸相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

### Who Is James Bond?

The latest Bond film is an enormous box-office (票房) hit. But who is James Bond? Where does he come from? Author Ian Fleming, the creator of James Bond, told us something about the origins of the world's most famous secret agent.

In the first Bond novel, Ian Fleming told us that James Bond was the son of a Scottish father and an Asian mother. But perhaps this was not really true. The title of the 19th Bond film, "The World Is Not Enough," was based on the Latin motto of the Bond family, which is mentioned in one of the early novels. However, it now appears that the motto is not that of the Scottish Bonds, but that of a different Bond family, who came from England. So perhaps Bond is English, not Scottish.

Bond went to Eton College, the same school as his creator Ian Fleming. This is a school where young people learn how to move in high society, like Bond does so well.

After leaving school, Bond did not go to university. He joined the British Secret Service. He soon got promoted to the top. From then on he was 007, "licensed to kill", and so began a career which would take him to all the corners of the earth.

In the early days, Bond's role was quite clear. He was working for the West. His main enemies were men from the KGB and other dangerous organizations. Since the end of the Cold War, the role of the Service has changed, and Bond's job profile has changed with it. Now his main enemies are the big bosses of organized crime and international terrorism.

Unlike the Cold War, organized crime is unlikely to come to an end. We can therefore be sure that James Bond, the best-known English fictional hero of the 20th century, has many more adventures ahead of him.

1. The new Bond film made much money for its producer.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
2. Ian Fleming directed the latest film about James Bond.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
3. "The World Is Not Enough" is the name of a novel.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
4. Bond is unable to move in high society.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

5. Bond went to university before he became a secret agent.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
6. The British Secret Service gave Bond many awards.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
7. Bond went to many parts of the world because of his job.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
8. Bond fought against many dangerous organizations.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
9. We can expect more adventurous stories about Bond.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
10. This text tells about the personality of James Bond.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项，并在答题纸相应位置上将该项涂黑。

### Universal Gestures

Gestures for victory, defeat and stress are almost the same in all countries.

On the front page of a newspaper we often see the picture of people holding their head in shock. People put their hands on their head or over their mouth when they look on a scene with shock or horror.

Chris Ulrich is an expert on body language. He said that covering your mouth or putting your hands on your head helps make you feel safer from a perceived threat. By covering part of your face you can feel hidden from the shocking event. Additionally these reactions can help a person comfort himself through touch. Ulrich said it is a self comforting gesture to help people in the moment.

In times of strong anxiety, people will twist their hands to calm themselves. Ulrich said it is a reaction people often have when they are in front of an audience or nervous. "It's a comfort for them that they'll get through it," said Ulrich. He relates that gesture to a parent trying to calm a child.

Most athletes react to victories or defeats with specific behaviors. A 2008 study examined pictures of judo (柔道) competitors during the 2008 Olympic Games. They were from different countries, but they showed similar behaviors when they won a match. The winners would throw their head back or raise their hands in triumph. Ulrich said these victory behaviors are a way winners "explode" out and take up more space.

However, if an athlete suffers a loss, he will act in a way that makes him physically smaller, such as hanging his head. "When you lose, you want to disappear," said Ulrich. The study also found that the judo competitors had the same behavior when they lost.







at work. It may be walking downstairs for a direct talk rather than sending an email.

⑤ Small efforts can make a big difference. But the hardest part for us is getting started. It's usually like this. When people get to a comfort level of walking for 10 minutes, they might think about trying 11 minutes. That first step is really worthy.

### Task 1

- 16. Paragraph ①:
- 17. Paragraph ②:
- 18. Paragraph ③:
- 19. Paragraph ④:
- 20. Paragraph ⑤:

- A. The key to walking is getting started.
- B. Walking is the first step to making changes.
- C. The advantage of walking is its simplicity.
- D. Walking is a great way for health improvement.
- E. More Americans take up walking than before.
- F. Modern lifestyle affects our health negatively.

### Task 2

- 21. Reports say that the walkers are mostly from \_\_\_\_\_.
- 22. Many diseases are largely caused by \_\_\_\_\_.
- 23. We can keep healthy by taking \_\_\_\_\_.
- 24. We can take a quick walk downstairs for \_\_\_\_\_.
- 25. When feeling good after a 10-minute walk, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. we divide a 30-minute walk into 3 parts
- B. our inactiveness
- C. we may like to try a longer one
- D. big cities in America
- E. a daily 30-minute quick walk
- F. a face-to-face talk

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案选项前的字母填写在答题纸相应位置上。

### North Africa

Africa is the second largest continent on Earth. It is about 8,000 kilometers long from north to south. It can be divided into three major regions: northern Africa, central Africa, and southern Africa. 26

Africa is separated from Europe by the Mediterranean Sea (地中海). It is connected to Asia in the east. For this reason, it has been easy for people from Europe, Asia and other areas to come to North Africa. 27

Most of North Africa is covered by the Sahara Desert. 28 There is little rainfall here. The few people who live in the desert live in oases (绿洲). The valley of the Nile River forms one of the oases that stretch across the desert in the east.

Many North African nations have a very important resource. They have large deposits of petroleum. 29 In return, these nations receive a lot of money. They are spending some of this money to make life better for their people.

Egypt is an important nation in North Africa. 30 It has served as a bridge between Africa and Asia. People from many nations have passed through Egypt. Today, it controls the Suez Canal. The canal connects the Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea. It is important for ships traveling between nations in Europe and Asia.

- A. It has always been a great barrier to people traveling south.
- B. This oil is shipped to many parts of the world.
- C. Each region has its special geography and history.
- D. Asia is much larger than Europe.
- E. All these people have left their influence there.
- F. About 40 million people live there today.

第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，短文后列出 12 个词，其中 10 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案选项前的字母填写在答题纸相应位置上。

#### Learning from Mistakes

Lots of people don't dare to make mistakes. They fear that they will be blamed by others or lose their money and 31. Therefore, they are under a lot of stress. But risks are unavoidable and they do 32 the way towards success. Have you ever heard of someone who achieves success without making any mistakes?

So it is 33 that making mistakes in your effort to realize your 34 is considered a must. You shouldn't worry about making mistakes as you may get a lot of 35 from them. By making mistakes you can 36 between the correct and the 37 things you did. Anthony D'Angelo said, "In order to succeed you must fail, so that you know what to do the next time." Robert Stevenson even went to the 38 as to say, "Our business in life is not to succeed, but to continue to 39 in good spirits."

You needn't worry about anything as long as you keep on going by 40 learning from your mistakes and trying even harder.

- |                |               |              |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. extreme     | E. fail       | I. pave      |
| B. discover    | F. belongings | J. incorrect |
| C. distinguish | G. recently   | K. wisely    |
| D. advantages  | H. natural    | L. dreams    |

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，每处空白后的括号内有一个词，请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案写在答题纸相应的位置上。

**Interlaken, Switzerland**

The sound of cow bells ringing across Interlaken's grassland is comforting (comfort). Climbing up the nearby mountains is also 41 (enjoy). So is skiing down them. The town of Interlaken is 42 (locate) in a beautiful setting between two lakes. It is also close to the 43 (mountain) villages. The outdoor possibilities are 44 (end) around Interlaken in summer and winter. They range from sailing, skiing, to climbing or just 45 (relax) in a pool. People can enjoy boating in the summer. They can also take 46 (please) in skiing in the winter. This place is a perfect choice for people if they like ice climbing or 47 (roll) down a hill inside a ball. It meets 48 (near) everyone's needs.

Foreigners are not allowed to buy 49 (house) in Interlaken. But they can buy one in nearby villages. Many 50 (retire) people consider Interlaken a great place to settle around.

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题纸相应的位置上。

51.

- 某英语学习报征集一篇题为“My Favorite Chinese Festival”的稿件。  
请就此题目写一篇英文短文应征，内容包括：
- 你最喜爱的中国节日是什么
  - 你为什么喜欢这个节日

**第一部分:阅读判断(每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

1~5 ABBBB 6~10 CAAAB

**第二部分:阅读选择(每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

11~15 CDCAB

**第三部分:概括段落大意和补全句子(每题 1 分,共 10 分)**

16~20 EFDCA 21~25 DBEFC

**第四部分:填句补文(每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

26~30 CEABF

**第五部分:填词补文(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

31~35 FIHLD 36~40 CJA EK

**第六部分:完形补文(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

41.enjoyable 42.located 43. mountainous 44.endless 45.relaxed

46.pleasure 47.rolling 48.nearly 49.houses 50.retired

**第七部分: 短文写作 (第 51 题, 30 分)**

**参考范文 1:**

**My Favorite Chinese Festival**

I am writing about Chinese New Year's Day. It is the beginning of a year. There are different ways to celebrate, such as singing and dancing. When it comes to different ways to celebrate, the majority of people believe that they have their own benefits.

Faced with different ways to celebrate, different people have different choices. On the one hand, some people like singing because it is more meaningful. On the other hand, other people prefer dancing because it is more enjoyable. Everyone can choose what he likes.

As far as I am concerned, I like singing because it is more meaningful. I hope you can enjoy it, as it is indeed good for us.

## **参考范文 2:**

### Learning From Mistakes

① Lots of people dare not make mistakes (mistake). They fear they will be laughed at or blamed by others. They fear they will lose their money and belongings or be under heavy stress. But risks are impossible to avoid and they do pave the way towards success. Have you ever heard of anyone who achieves success without making any mistakes?

② So it is only natural that making mistakes should be considered a must. You shouldn't worry about that as you probably get lots of advantages out of your mistakes. By making mistakes, you can at least distinguish between the correct and the incorrect parts of what you did. Robert Stevenson once Said: "Our business in life is not to be successful, but to continue to fail in good spirits."

③ You needn't worry about anything as long as you keep on going by wisely learning from your mistakes and trying even harder.

**第一部分， 阅读判断 (每题 1 分， 共 10 分)**

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子， 请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断： 如果该句提供的是正确信息， 选择 A； 如果该句提供的是错误信息， 选择 B； 如果该句的信息文中没有提及， 选择 C。 在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Animals in the City**

Recently,there have been many reports in newspapers and on TV about big animals coming into towns and cities.What happens when big animals come into our cities?Is it a good thing or is it dangerous for us and the animals? Wild animals usually come into cities to look for food.In Cape Town,South Africa,baboons(狒狒) sometimes into the suburbs.They eat fruit from gardens and go into people' s kitchens!Baboons are strong animals and sometimes they scare children and fight with pet dog.Many people do not like them,but the city can be dangerous for baboons too.Sometimes,baboons are hurt in car accidents.The city council in Cape Town has a team of Baboon Monitors.Their job is to find baboons in the city and take them back to the countryside.The problem is that a lot of baboons will come back to the city to find food again.

In Berlin Germany,groups of wild pigs sometimes come into the city to look for food .They eat flowers and plants and dig in gardens and parks in the city,They also walk in the street and cause traffic accidents.Some city residents like the pigs and give them food .But the city council is worried about the traffic accidents.They have told people to stop giving the pigs food and have put up fences to stop the pigs from coming into the city.

In Moscow,Russia there are 35000 wild dogs.They live in parks,empty houses,markets and train stations.Some of the dogs were pets that people did not want,so they left them on the streets.Others were born on the streets and have always lived there.A lot of people like them and are used to seeing them on the streets.They give the dogs food and water.They even build small huts for the dogs to live in during the very cold winter.

1、 Many news reports concern big animals in the city.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

2、 Wild animals often come into cities for the winter.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

3、 The food in kitchen can be bad for baboons.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

4、 Cape Town is a safe place for baboons.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

5、 Many baboons will return after sent away.



A. True B. False C. Not Given

6、 There are more wild pigs in Berlin than in the past.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

7、 Wild pigs sometimes cause traffic problem.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

8、 Wild pigs started to come into Berlin years ago.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

9、 No one knows the number of wild dogs in Moscow.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

10、 Some people help the wild dogs to survive the cold winter.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

**第二部分： 阅读选择(第 11-15 题， 每题 2 分， 共 10 分)**

阅读下面短文， 请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项 ( A、 B、 C、 D) 中选出 1 个最佳选项， 并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

**What Happens When You Stop Exercising**

Have you ever wondered what would happen if you stopped exercising?A new study on twins was published in the journal Medicine & Science.The results of the study are dramatic.

In the study,researchers looked at 10 pairs of twin men.Each set of twins was in their mid-30s.Each had been brought up in the same family.Since they were identical,they shared the same DNA.They had maintained the same level of physical activity for most of their lives.But there was one difference.One twins of each set had cut on exercising in the past few years due to work or family resure.On average,the less active twin exercised less than twice a week.,while the active twin exercised at least twice a week.The research team put each twin through a set of medical tests to study their overall health.

The results showed big differences.While the more active twins had lower body fat percentage,better endurance level,and normal sensitivity,the inactive twins had about seven more pounds of body fat ,worse endurance,and signs of disease.Not only were their bodies different:their brains were different as well.The active twins had more gray matter (the information processing part of the brain),particularly in areas that control balance.

The conclusion of the study is clear.Quitting your fitness routine can bring negative effects to your body and your brain as well.Considering the less active twins in the study had become couch potatoes(沉溺于看电视的人) only recently,these changes can sneak up on you a lot sooner than you' d think.So keep

exercising. It is beneficial to your overall health!

11、 This text mainly about\_\_\_\_\_ .

- A、 The importance of DNA                      B、 The role of exercise.  
C、 the birth of a new journal                      D、 the difference between twins

12、 Researchers Chose same twins for their study mostly because they \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Shared the same DNA.                      B、 looked alike  
C、 had the same lifestyle                      D. grew up together

13、 The twins in the study differed in\_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. sleeping habits                      B. Exercise frequency.  
C. working hours                      D. food preference

14、 The study found that the more active twins become\_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. less creative                      B. less sensitive  
C. more emotional                      D. more endurable.

15、 The phrase " Sneak up on " (Para.4) most probably means\_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. protect    B. attack    C. affect    D. benefit

### 第三部分： 概括段落大意和补全句子(每题 1 分， 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文， 请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务： ( 1 ) 从第 16-19 题后所给的 5 个

选项中为第 1-4 段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题;(2)从第 20-25 题后所给的 7 个选项中选择 6 个正确选项， 分别完成每个句子。 在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### Surviving lines Away From Home

Being ill is a horrible thing at the best of times, but what is even worse is when you are ill away from home. If you' re living away from home or abroad, it' s important to get better at your own pace in order to ensure you can enjoy the rest of your time away.

Pampering ( 娇惯 ) yourself is always a good start. If you feel so ill and tired that you can' t even get out of bed, then don' t Make a trip to the kitchen and stock up on fluids and try to make yourself some hot food. The key to getting better is to drink lots of fluids. Water and hot drinks such as green tea and soup are usually the best things.

Try to distract yourself from feeling horrible. If you have a TV, watch one of your favorite films or TV series. If you don' t have a TV, maybe put the radio on. If you have a headache and all the noise is too much to handle, try reading the book you' ve always wanted to read but never had the time to. Being ill doesn' t have to be the worst any in the world! Tell your friends and family that you are ill. Sometimes there is nothing better than hearing words of comfort from loved ones who feel sorry for

you and want to cheer you up and make you happy. There is nothing wrong with a little attention from others when you're ill. Who knows, they might even be willing to travel and visit you with lots of "Get Well" presents like your favorite food, magazine or flowers.

When you arrive at a new place where you will be staying for a few months, make sure you know exactly where the nearest drugstore is. If you are in a foreign country, it might be best to translate a few useful phrases before you start asking for a cure.

Task 1:

16、 Para .

17、 Para .

18、 Para .

19、 Para .

A. Taking good care of yourself.

B. Staying in bed for the entire day.

C. Taking your attention away from illness.

D. Knowing where and how to get medicine.

E. Informing friends and family of your illness.

Task 2:

20、 Being sick away from is .

21、 You are advised to recover .

22、 The best care for illness is .

23、 If you cannot bear the noise from TV, .

24、 A few useful translated phrases help you .

25、 You can buy medicine .

A. ask for medicine.

B. at your own pace

C. water and hot

D. a terrible experience.

E. At a nearby store.

F. read your favorite book.

G. suffer from a cold

#### 第四部分： 填句补文(每题 2 分， 共 10 分)

下面的短文有 5 处空白， 短文后有 6 个句子， 其中 5 个取自短文， 请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置， 以恢复文章原貌， 并在答题卡上相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

Switzerland is well known for chocolate and its watch-making industry. It is even more famous for its unique banking and financial system. 26 Banking in Switzerland goes back to the 18th century. In the past, not only rich people but also dictators (独裁者) kept their money in Swiss banks. During World War 2 German Nazis (纳粹) put much of their money in Switzerland 27 Swiss banks are popular for many reasons 28 . It enjoys one of the highest per capita (人均) incomes in the world. It has been neutral for many centuries, especially during the two world wars. In addition, the Swiss franc is one of the most stable currencies in the world.

Most importantly, Swiss banks follow very strict privacy rules. In 1934, a law was passed that forbade Swiss banks to reveal the names of account holders. 29 If a Swiss bank reveals a person's bank account without permission, he or she commits a crime. Such regulations have made Switzerland a popular destination for many people.

Lately, however, the Swiss government has been under heavy pressure from other countries. 30 They want the banks to reveal the names of possible criminals.

- A. They urge it to change its bank laws.
- B. Banks strictly protect the privacy of their clients.
- C. Private banking has a long tradition in the country.
- D. Banks play an important role in Switzerland's economy.
- E. Foreigners in troubled areas also kept money in Swiss banks.
- F. For one, the country has a very stable and prosperous economy.

#### 第五部分： 填词补文(每题 1.5 分， 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白， 短文后列出 12 个词， 其中 10 个取自短文， 请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置， 以恢复文章原貌， 并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### Education in New Zealand

Education in New Zealand is compulsory (强制的) between the ages of 6 and 16. All children between these ages must 31 school. Most children begin their schooling at 32 . This period includes primary and secondary education and it is 32 .

Early childhood covers the period from birth to 6 years old. This period may include both care and education. There are many 33 such as play centers and kindergartens. More and more people are realizing the 34 of early childhood education. Now 60 percent of children under 5 join in some form of pre-school

education.

Children go to primary school for 8 years or up to the age of about 13.They 35 go to secondary schools for a further 5 years .Some students may decide to leave school at 16.

Higher education on 36 any education or training that takes place after secondary school.In New Zealand,this includes universities 37 .and training schools.New Zealand is 38 becoming multi-cultural.More and more international 39 are studying there.The education system is adapting to 40 the needs of different cultural groups.

A.meet      B.students      C.quickly  
D.means      E.free              F.wisely  
G.then      H.value              I.choices  
J.quit      K.attend              L.colleges

**第六部分： 完型补文(每题 1.5 分， 共 15 分)**

下面的短文有 10 处空白， 每处空白的括号内有一个词， 请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中， 以恢复文章原貌， 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

**Body Image**

Many people are not satisfied (satisfy)with their body images .They are 41 (encourage)to have plastic surgeries ( 整形手术) ,diet plans,or diet pills.However,to build a positive body image 42 ( require) a balanced diet and a 43 ( health) lifestyle.on our daily life,to eat more fruits and 44 (vegetable) than meat will help us keep fit ,and the best way to keep ourselves in shape is to do some vigorous exercise every day .

Besides,a correct attitude is 45 (equal) important.We should not feel 46 (embarrass)about our bodies.We should not believe our body is a shame of personal 47 (fail) .We do not need to bear 48 (attract) as everyone else.Instead,we should love ourselves rather than desire for 49 (possible) standards.We should have a real and clear understanding of our body parts,and appreciate our body for the way it is.In this way ,we will feel 50 (comfort)and confident.

**第七部分： 短文写作 ( 第 51 题， 30 分)**

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。 将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

51.

假设你的美国朋友 John 给你发来一封电子邮件， 表示他对中国传统文化很感兴趣，

希望你能为他简要介绍一个中国的传统节日 ( Traditional Chinese Festival) 。

以下是你给他回复邮件的主要内容:

节日名称

节日由来

人们如何庆祝这一节日

请以 Li Ke 署名。

**一、 阅读判断(每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

1-5: ACCBA 6-10:CACBA

**二、 阅读选择(每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

11-15: BABDC

**三、 概括段落大意和补全句子(每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

16-20: ACEDD 21-25:BCFAE

**四、 填句补文(每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

26-30: DEFBA

**五、 填词补文(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

31-35: KEIHG 36-40: DLCBA

**六、 完型补文(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

41. encouraged 42.requires 43.healthy 44.vegetables 45.equally

46. embarrassed 47.failure 48.attractive 49.impossible 50.comfortable

**七、 短文写作: ( 30 分)**

给 John 电邮, 要你为他介绍 ( traditional Chinese Festival)

1. 节日名称

2. 节日由来

3. 人们如何庆祝这一节日

范文 1:

Dear John,

How is everything going?I am writing this email to introduce the Spring Festival.

There are many festivals in China.Such as the Spring Festival,the Qingming Festival.the Mid-autumn Festival and National Day.Each festival has its own uniqueness,but I prefer the Spring Festival rather than others,It is the most interesting festival in China.

When I was little,I did not know how ti celebrate the Spring Festival .My mum made new clothes and a lot of delicious food for us.After I grow up,I do the same thing for my boy as well.It is not only interesting,but also good for our family.It helps us to get closer with our family.

If you have any questions or concerns ,don' t hesitate to let me know.



I look forward to hearing from you.

Best Regards.

Li Ke

**范文二：**

Dear John

I'm very glad to tell you something about Chinese traditional festivals.

The Mid-Autumn Festival is one of the most important festival in China which is celebrated on the 15th day of the eighth month of the Chinese lunar calendar.

The Mid-Autumn Festival is an evening celebration when families gather together to

eat moon cakes which are the special food for this festival and enjoy the round moon. They can look back on the past and look forward to the future together. On that night the moon appears to be at its roundest and brightest. The full moon is a symbol for family reunion which is why that day is also known as the Festival of Reunion.

Yours

Li Ke

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子，请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断：如果该句提供的是正确信息，选择 A；如果该句提供的是错误信息，选择 B；如果该句的信息文中没有提及，选择 C。在答题纸相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Booking Online and Saving the Environment**

When you are looking to book a holiday, it is unlikely that you will think about how green your booking decision is, but it is something that you should think about. By “green” we mean the impact on the environment.

When looking to book a holiday, you will probably find that you are faced with two main decisions. The first is to go into a travel agency, pick up brochures (宣传册), read through them and go back with just one and book with the travel agents directly or over the phone. The second is to go onto the Internet.

The Internet holds many advantages over the travel agencies. The main one is convenience. You can go online to look at holidays at any time of the day. The travel agents, however, are usually very busy at times when people can actually go, i.e. lunch hours or at the weekend. You could use the telephone, but you wouldn't be able to see the pictures or the details of the holidays, so you would probably be sent a brochure anyway.

There are websites on the Internet that make shopping for holiday deals much easier. These websites are known as price comparison websites. They search through lots of different tour operators, and the results are displayed on one page, from which you can choose.

Compared with the travel agencies, booking online is greener. The piles of brochures are definitely not green, and the amount of unnecessary paper used can't be good for the environment. In the days of the Internet, there is really no need for such a large amount of paper to be wasted. So booking online will not only save you time and effort, it will do a little bit towards saving the environment, too!

1. When planning holidays, few people will think about being green.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
2. There are two main choices when people look to book their holidays.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
3. People go to travel agencies and make their decisions directly.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
4. The main advantage of booking online is saving money.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

5. Many people go to travel agencies at lunchtime.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
6. Booking holidays by telephone requires less communicative skills.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
7. There are limited choices at price comparison websites.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
8. Travel agencies make the best use of price comparison websites.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
9. Travelers collect brochures as a hobby.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given
10. Booking online is a way to save the environment.  
A. True                                      B. False                                      C. Not Given

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11～15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项，并在答题纸相应位置上将该项涂黑。

### Urban Gardening

Urban gardening refers to the practice of planting a garden in the city. Apartments, town homes, and other areas with little or no land are being used for gardening. This method of gardening is becoming more common as the amount of land for gardening in cities is becoming smaller and smaller.

Containers, hanging baskets and raised beds are examples of items people use to create a garden in a confined space. Some cities also offer a shared community garden for people who have no room to grow plants at home.

Many types of plants can be grown in containers and baskets. Tomatoes and peppers, for instance, can grow in containers on windowsills (窗台). Plants grown on a windowsill should usually receive at least six to eight hours of sunlight daily. Herbs are often grown in containers or baskets in the kitchen. They do not require much space and can be handy for cooking.

People who want to grow more plants may use raised beds which are usually made of wood pieces and filled with a mixture of soil and fertilizers. They can be built on top of any hard surface, including roof tops. People like them because the beds often cost much less than most other methods of gardening.

Community gardening could be an option for anyone who does not have space for a garden at home. Most cities that offer this will rent a small plot of land to someone for a fee, or allow them to use it free of charge. Instead of dividing the land into separate plots, some

cities allow everyone in the neighborhood to share and work on the same land. This method could be beneficial for people in the neighborhood who share the passion for growing things.

11. Urban gardening came into being as a result of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the lack of land for gardening                      B. new technology  
C. government encouragement                      D. the increasing population
12. The word “confined” (Para. 2) means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. open                      B. empty                      C. limited                      D. occupied
13. Plants grown on windowsills require a lot of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. water                      B. space                      C. soil                      D. sunlight
14. Raised beds are popular because they \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. are efficient                      B. are cheap  
C. last long                      D. contain fertilizers
15. Community gardening is beneficial because it \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. saves more land                      B. requires less work  
C. increases output                      D. connects people

### 非选择题部分

注意事项:

用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。

第三部分: 概括段落大意和补全句子(第 16~25 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务: (1) 从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的段落大意; (2) 从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项, 分别完成每个句子。在答题纸相应位置上将答案代码写出。

#### My Science Teacher

① Usually when people decide to be teachers, they go to college, get a degree, and find a job at a school. They prepare lesson plans, give out homework, and make up tests. To them, it is just a job, a way to make a living. But for my science teacher, Mrs. Cook, teaching is not just her job; it's who she is. She teaches through her heart.

② She has so much enthusiasm in her lessons. She is the one who goes out late at night to buy 10 pounds of sugar for our experiments. She brings in water from the nearby canal to make her point, and to make us remember the lesson. She makes us think that each new fact could change our lives.

③ Mrs. Cook wants all of us to do well in school. She tries to reach each student. She neither ignores the sleeping kid in the back, nor lets the problem students alone. She shows special concern to slow students, and often helps them after school. None of us can slip away from her attention.

④ Middle school is probably one of the hardest times of our lives. We change friends so often, and fight with our parents constantly. But Mrs. Cook has made this year so much better for us than it could have been. We know that if we had to turn to anybody, it would be her. And I'm not alone in feeling this way; she is a role model for our whole class.

⑤ Science had never been my favorite subject. I had never borrowed science books. I had never performed experiments in my home. But this year, it's the science class that I don't mind waking up for, the test I don't mind taking. I have Mrs. Cook to thank for that. She has taught us so much more than just a single subject.

### Task 1

16. Paragraph ①:  
17. Paragraph ②:  
18. Paragraph ③:  
19. Paragraph ④:  
20. Paragraph ⑤:

- A. Mrs. Cook makes our school life easier.  
B. I enjoy science class now.  
C. Mrs. Cook cares about each student.  
D. Mrs. Cook is strict with her students.  
E. Mrs. Cook's lessons are well-prepared.  
F. Teaching is more than a job for Mrs. Cook.

### Task 2

21. To become a school teacher, one needs \_\_\_\_\_.  
22. Mrs. Cook often goes out to collect \_\_\_\_\_.  
23. Mrs. Cook offers slow students extra help \_\_\_\_\_.  
24. Our whole class take Mrs. Cook as \_\_\_\_\_.  
25. I am lucky to have Mrs. Cook as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in class  
B. my teacher  
C. after school  
D. a role model  
E. a college degree  
F. teaching materials

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题纸相应位置上将答案代码写出。

### Lack of Sleep Is Dangerous

Do you know that if you miss out too much sleep you will die? It's true! If you stay awake for a long, long time, your brain and body will break down.

The unofficial world record for staying awake is 11 days, and it's held by Randy Gardner. 26 He also had help from TV and radio reporters, a sleep researcher and a doctor.

What happened? 27 Then his brain started to lose sense. On day 4, he thought a street sign was really a person. On day 6, he began to speak very slowly. On day 9, he couldn't finish sentences. On day 10, Randy thought he saw a forest in the next room. 28 Eventually, after he'd broken the world record, Randy was told to go to sleep. Experiments that keep people awake for dangerously long periods are always stopped before the patients break down.

Rats, however, aren't so well cared for. 29 That's sooner than if they'd been allowed to sleep but were given no food. They get really thin. But that's not because they stop eating—quite the opposite. Even though these rats are eating food, their bodies can't process it in the normal way. On top of that, their little bodies lose more heat than normal, which makes them weak. This means that they need more food to stay at a healthy temperature. 30

And that's what lack of sleep does for you.

- A. In fact, he went a bit crazy.
- B. Normally rats wouldn't catch a cold.
- C. Towards the end, the health of these rats is failing.
- D. When kept from sleeping, they die within three weeks.
- E. Randy asked two of his friends to stop him falling asleep.
- F. First of all, staying awake long made Randy bad-tempered.

第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，短文后列出 12 个词，其中 10 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题纸相应位置上将答案代码写出。

### Talking Counts!

Most words in a child's vocabulary come from everyday encounters with language. Children 31 up language from books, media, and conversations.

You can increase your child's vocabulary and 32 knowledge by having conversations with them. With babies, you can talk to them about what you're doing so they can begin to 33 words with concepts. As your baby begins to speak, start asking, "What's that?" when 34 to objects or pictures. Elaborate on their 35 answers as a way to have them listening to more words. "Yes, that is a banana! It's 36 and smooth."

With young children, you can talk about the things you see in your 37, on trips around town, or on television. These conversations help build a child's 38 of his world.



When reading, pause to ask questions on the story. Ask, “Why do you think he did that?” or “What do you think is going to happen \_\_39\_\_?” Tell your children stories from your own life, or about the day they were \_\_40\_\_. This helps develop their personal and cultural identity.

A. link	E. yellow	I. pick
B. simple	F. build	J. born
C. secondly	G. understanding	K. background
D. neighborhood	H. pointing	L. next

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1-10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

1-5: AACBA

6-10: CBBCA

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11-15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

11-15: ACDBD

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16-25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

16-20: FECAB

21-25: EFCDB

第四部分：填句补文（第 26-30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

26-30: EFADC

第五部分：填词补文（第 31-40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

31-35: IFAHB

36-40: EDGLJ

第六部分：完形补文（第 41-50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

41.mistaken 42.endless 43.covered

44.percentage 45.including 46.Surprisingly

47.getting 48.worse 49.uses 50.shocked

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

以 An Unforgettable Holiday 为主题写一篇 100 词左右的短文，要求写清楚：

1. 哪个假期是你最难忘的；
2. 你为什么难忘。

### 作文范文 1

#### An Unforgettable Holiday

I am always busy with my lessons. What I have to do everyday is nothing but study.

Luckily, last summer my family went to my uncle's farm. We enjoyed a really interesting holiday. During the holiday, I didn't have to get up early, nor did I need to finish many exercises. I rode the horse in the fields. I milked the cows on the farm. To my GREat joy, my uncle invited me to go fishing. Life on the farm is quite different from that at school. I want to go back to spend my summer holiday again.

### 作文范文 2

#### An unforgettable holiday

Spring Festival is the most important festival in China. It's to celebrate the lunar calendar's new year. In the evening before the Spring Festival, families get together and have a big meal. In many places people like to set off firecrackers. Dumplings are the most traditional food. Children like the festival very much, because they can have delicious food and wear new clothes. They can also get some money from their parents. This money is given to children for good luck. People put New Year scrolls on the wall for good fortune.

The Spring Festival lasts about 15 days long. People visit relatives and friends with the words "Have all your wishes". People enjoy the Spring Festival, during this time they can have a good rest.

**第一部分:阅读判断(第 1-10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子, 请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断;如果该句提供的是 正确信息, 选择 A; 如果该句提供的是错误信息, 选择 B; 如果该句的信息文中没有提及, 选择 C。

**Bicycle Commuting**

I may not be a movie star, best selling author, or millionaire when I grow up, but one thing I will be known for, at least locally, is commuting by bicycle. I'm sad to see how few people do even though many could. Lots of people eagerly campaign for the reduction of greenhouse gases, but by driving cars, they're still contributing to the problem.

You might be picturing me as an extreme environmentalist (环保主义者), but I'm not one of those teenagers who wear shirts that say "Help save the world: Recycle." Actually, my interest in exercise, health, and fitness led me to cycling.

Cycling can help you lose weight, improve your health, and prevent many diseases. Cycling also carries a relatively low chance of injury.

While being good for your body, bicycle commuting is also a great way to cut greenhouse gases. Many environmentalists recycle, plant trees, and drive hybrid cars (混合动力汽车), but bicycle commuting could be even more effective than all of those combined. You could cut down the amount of greenhouse gases just by commuting by bicycle a few times a week.

Bicycle commuting saves money too. When you buy your bicycle and the things that usually go with it. You might be shocked by the cost. But if you think about the increasingly high gas prices, you will know for sure that you can save a significant amount each year by not driving a car.

You might think that you don't have time for bicycle commuting. Actually, you probably do. You could cut back on your TV time and pick up this activity. It helps you care for the environment, save money, and most importantly get fit.

1. I will write a best-selling book on cycling. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

2. Many local people commute by bicycle. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

3. I am devoted to environmental protection. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

4. I started cycling to improve my health. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

5. People are less likely to get injured while cycling. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

6. People drive to work for convenience. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

7. Bicycle commuting could be more effective in reducing greenhouse gases. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

8. People are in a good mood while cycling. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

9. Gas prices keep going up. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

10. Bikes are inexpensive to most people. ( )

A: True B: False C: Not Given

**第二部分:阅读选择(第 11-15 题, 每题 2 分,共 10 分)**

阅读下面短文, 请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出 1 个最佳选项, 并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

**Spilt (打翻的) Milk**

I recently heard a story about a famous scientist who had made several very important medical achievements. He was asked why he was so much more creative than the average person.

He responded that it all came from an experience when he was about two. He had been trying to remove a bottle of milk from the refrigerator when he lost his grip (紧握) and it fell, spilling (打翻) the milk all over the floor.

When his mother came into the kitchen, instead of yelling at him, or punishing him, she said, "Robert, what a wonderful mess you have made! Well, the damage has already been done. Would you like to play in the milk for a few minutes before we clean it up?"

Indeed, he did. After a few minutes, his mother said, "Robert, whenever you make a mess like this, eventually you have to clean it up. So, how would you like to do that? We could use a sponge (海绵) or a towel. Which do you prefer?" He chose the sponge and together they cleaned up the spilt milk.

His mother then said, "You know, what we have here is a failed experiment in how to effectively carry a big milk bottle with two tiny hands. Let's go out in the back yard and fill the bottle with water and see if you can discover a way to carry it without dropping it" The little boy learned that if he grasped the bottle at the top near the lip with both hands, he could carry it without dropping it. The scientist remarked that it was then that he knew he didn't need to be afraid to make mistakes. Instead, mistakes were just opportunities for learning something new, which is, after all, what scientific experiments are all about. Even if the experiment "doesn't work," we usually learn something valuable from it.

11. This story is about a scientist who \_\_\_\_\_
- A. was extraordinary when he was young
  - B. became well-known after an interview
  - C. was smarter than the average person
  - D. achieved great success in the medical field
12. He got the milk spilt all over the kitchen floor because he
- A. dropped the bottle
  - B. was naughty
  - C slipped and fell
  - D. was weak
13. After, seeing the spilt milk, his mother \_\_\_\_\_
- A. shouted at him
  - B. cleaned the floor herself
  - C. encouraged him to play in the milk
  - D. forced him to clean the kitchen
14. The mother and the son went out in the back yard to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. fill the bottle with milk
  - B. clean the bottle
  - C. find a way to carry the bottle
  - D. search for a new bottle
15. According to the text, mistakes give us chances to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. know the truth
  - B. learn something new
  - C. do some experiments
  - D. teach a child a lesson

**第三部分:概括段落大意和补全句子 (第 16-25 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

阅读下面短文, 请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务: (1)从第 16-20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第 1- 5 段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题; (2) 从第 21-25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项, 分别完成每个句子。在答题卡相应位 置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Volunteers**

- ①Volunteers are people who work without being paid. They do the work because they want to. We need volunteers because there are many things that need to be done in society which the Government can't afford to pay for.
- ②Volunteers are motivated by a desire to help others and to make the world a better place. Statistics suggest that more than one million people do voluntary

work in New Zealand. Some volunteers do the kind of work that they are particularly interested in, but perhaps haven't had the chance to do during their working lives. Others make use of their professional skills and experience.

③Volunteers contribute to society in a number of ways. For example, some give' their time to help preserve the natural environment. While there are government run projects to maintain national parks and forests, the projects would not succeed without volunteers. Some environmental organizations rely solely on voluntary labor.

④"Meals on Wheels" is a voluntary organization run by the Red Cross. It delivers meals to elderly people who are unable to cook for themselves. Every year volunteer drivers deliver a million meals. This enables elderly people to remain in their own houses.

⑤Volunteer Service Abroad was started in 1962. It sends volunteers to poor countries. To be a volunteer you should be between the ages of 25 and 77, of good health and have a skill or ability that is requested by the country. Volunteers spend two years helping the local people improve their lives. Two years is a long time, but when they return, many volunteers say: It was the best two years of my life.

#### Task1

16. Paragraph ①:

17. Paragraph ②:

18. Paragraph ③:

19. Paragraph④:

20. Paragraph ⑤:

- A. Definition of volunteers
- B. How volunteers are organized
- C. How volunteers contribute to society
- D.Why people want to be volunteers
- E. An organization sending volunteers abroad
- F. An organization delivering meals to the elderly .

#### Task2

21. People do voluntary work because they want to

22. Some volunteers help others by

23. Some organizations rely on volunteers to help

24. The elderly can have their meals delivered without

25. Many volunteers returning from poor countries

- A. help others
- B. leaving their homes
- C. cooking for the elderly .
- D. using their professional skills
- E. find their experience rewarding
- F. preserve the natural environment

**第四部分:填句补文(第 26-30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

下面的短文有 5 处空白, 短文后有 6 个句子, 其中 5 个取自短文, 请根据短文内容将 其 分别放回原有位置, 以恢复文章原貌, 并在答题卡上相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**How to Talk to a Doctor**

It's one of the saddest situations in modern medicine the average doctor's appointment lasts 15 minutes or less. 26 That doesn't leave much time for chatting about the weather or your mood

What you don't realize but what I see, very clearly as a doctor is that what the patient says is more important than ever. 27 They can also make it much harder for me to figure out what's wrong with you.

Medical schools teach a specific way to conduct an office visit. Part one is the complaint. 28 Part two is the physical exam. And part three is when the doctor gives you a diagnosis and prescribes or a treatment. Chances are, you focus on part three, but the patients who receive the best care are those who master part one. The key is to describe in detail what you've been feeling not just "bad," but what kind of bad, for how long, and after what kind of activity.

29 Even though I've been a doctor for many years, I tend to be a little nervous when I'm the one sitting on the exam table. If I haven't prepared, I lose track of the details I intended to share 30 When the doctor asks you questions, you can be more specific, and the diagnosis and treatment will be more accurate. And there may be a few extra minutes leftover for a little pleasant conversation!

- A. No wonder you feel rushed.
- B. Of course, that's easier said than done.
- C. It is wise to see a doctor with your friend
- D. It is also called the description of your problem.
- E. So I take a few minutes to write down some crucial details.
- F. In fact, your descriptions can help me give you great care.



**第五部分:填词补文(第 31-40 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 短文后列出 12 个词, 其中 10 个取自短文, 请根据短文内容将其 分别放回原有位置, 以恢复文章原貌, 并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

**Planting a Garden**

Planting a garden is a lot like having a family. Both require a great deal of work, 31 as they grow and as the seasons\_ 32 . As summer days lengthen, your plants become\_\_ 33 on you, much like your children depend on you for food and drink. Like a\_ 34 child asking for drink of water, your plants do the same. Their bent body issues a demand much the way your child requests milk or juice. Getting enough water, they would, thrive soon.

You might also find you have to\_ 35 the space around your plants, much like you pick up toys and clothes that have been thrown in your kid' s room. Similarly, roses need to be pruned (修剪) , and weeds need to be pulled. To keep children heal thy, parents protect their children against disease with\_\_ 36 , and gardeners do the same .with insect repellent (驱虫剂). To nourish (滋养) them, parents\_\_ 37 children vitamins, and gardeners use fertilizer, as both, promote healthy growth. As children grow up, they need less care. However, here' s where the similarity ends. While plants die or become 38 during winter, children 39 maintain an important role in the family, and parents will find their \_ 40 does not come to an end.

- A. help E. dependent I. responsibility
- B. clean F. still J. thirsty
- C. change G. strong K. medicine
- D. inactive H. give L. especially

**第六部分:完形补文(第 41-50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

下面的短文有 10 处空白, 每处处空白后的括号内有一个词, 请根据短文内容将其正确 的形式填入文中, 以恢复文章原貌, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

**What Makes Us Different**

The reason Earth *differs* (differ) from all the other 41 (planet)in the universe is because of you and me. At first, we were living in caves, the came the ice age, then the meltdown, and\_\_ 42 (final)what we are today. We and Earth as a whole have changed so much. The only thing that hasn' t changed is our greed and 43 (jealous).

While we were in caves, we fought for food. While we were living on the ice, we fought for\_ 44 (warn),clothing, and food. Now, we are 45 (fight) over land.

Why do we fight ,for land that was never in our\_\_ 46 (possess)? Wars, big or small, take place every day. Earth is a single nation. All the land masses on it belong to the planet, not to us. Everyone is the same, regardless of race, gender, or religion. We all deserve to be\_ 47 (treat) equally. We are all also unique, but that doesn' t make us any\_\_ 48 (little) human than the next person. . If we can start by\_ 49 (pay) a compliment (赞美) to a different person each day, our world will be\_ 50 (friendly) to live in. If we at least help one person in need and let room for love to grow in our hearts, the world will be a better place.

### **第七部分:短文写作(第 51 题, 30 分)**

**请根据所提供材料中的要求完成篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。**

某英文报社正在举办题为 “Spring Is Coming”的征文活动, 请你根据下述写作要点提交一篇英文短文应征。

- 简要描写春天的景象
- 介绍人们在春天里的各种活动

### **第一部分: 阅读判断 (第 1—10 题, 共 10 分)**

CBBA CACAC

### **第二部分: 阅读选择 (第 11—15 题, 共 10 分)**

DACCB

### **第三部分: 概括段落大意和补全句子**

ADCFE ADFBE

### **第四部分: 填句补文(第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)**

26.答案 A: No wonder you feel rushed.

27.答案 F: In fact, your descriptions can help me give you great care.

28.答案 D: It is also called the description of your problem.

29.答案 B: Of course, that's easier said than done.

30.答案 E: So I take a few minutes to write down some crucial details.

### **第五部分: 填词补文(第 31~40 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

31L:especially

32C:change.

33E:dependent

34J:thirsty

35B:clean

36K:medicine

37H:give

38D:inactive

39F:still

40I:responsibility

**第六部分：完形补文(第 41 ~ 50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)**

41.planets 42.finally 43.jealousy 44.warmth 45.fighting 46.possession

47.treated 48.less 49.paying 50.friendlier

**第七部分:短文写作**

**仅供参考**

Spring Is ComingSpring is coming. What a nice season!The weather is getting warmer and warmer. The flowers are coming out. How beautiful the world is! Look around,

the sky is blue and the leaves on the trees are turning green. The sun is shining brightly and the air is so fresh, now everyone takes off his warm coat and is more active than before. We all have good feelings. I must say, be careful not to catch cold again. A good beginning is half done and it' s the first season in the year. We must make the best use of our time and catch every second to work and study. Do you think so?

一、阅读判断 (第 1~10 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

**Lacking in Self-Esteem (自尊)? Good for you!**

According to psychological and educational theories, self-esteem is essential for a successful life. Generations of children, especially minority kids, have been educated according to the theory that they lack self-esteem, and that this deficiency is central to any problems they may have in making their way in the world.

Well, guess what? A new research has found that self-esteem can be just as high among grade D students and drunk drivers as it is among Nobel Prize winners and former presidents. In fact, people with high self-esteem can engage in far more anti-social behavior than those with low self-esteem. "We used to believe that high self-esteem would cause all sorts of positive consequences and that if we raised self-esteem, people would do better in life," a researcher said. "Mostly, the data have failed to support that." Racists, street thugs (恶棍) and school bullies (恶霸) all have high scores on the self-esteem tests. And you can see why. If you think you're highly gifted, you're particularly offended if other people don't treat you that way. So you hit out or commit crimes to defend your pride. After all, who are they to suggest that you could be doing something wrong? What do they know?

Self-esteem can also be an educational concern. College teachers are constantly complaining about the high self-esteem of their students. When every grade in the school is assessed so as to make the kid feel good rather than to give an accurate measure of his work, the kid can develop self-esteem dangerously unrelated to the truth. When he's told he is getting a C grade in college, he can then get deeply offended or extremely angry. Weak professors give in to the pressure – hence, grade inflation, which results in their students' vague touch with reality.

1. It is believed that minority kids often have self-esteem problem.  
A. True      B. False      C. Not Given
2. A new research shows that high self-esteem is essential to success.  
A. True      B. False      C. Not Given
3. Parents are responsible for their children's self-esteem.  
A. True      B. False      C. Not Given
4. Anti-social behavior is related to low self-esteem.  
A. True      B. False      C. Not Given
5. Racists have low self-esteem.  
A. True      B. False      C. Not Given

三、概括段落大意和补全句子 (第 16~25 题, 每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

**Health Benefits of Honey with Milk**

Honey and milk get along well. Since ancient times, this mix is known for its amazing health benefits.

(1) Take a glass of honey with milk before you set out for your day in the morning, and you are guaranteed enough to get through the morning rush. Milk provides you the proteins required while honey helps you get the energy by breaking down these proteins. No wonder this drink is meant for all ages alike.

(2) Milk is known for providing calcium (钙), which, in right levels, helps in preventing bone diseases as we age. Research has indicated that honey does a good job of carrying nutrients (营养成分) in the food through the blood to various parts of the body. In particular, honey helps in the absorption of calcium, the vital part of milk.

(3) If you ask doctors or your grandmother for a solution to your sleeplessness, you are bound to get the same answer — a glass of warm milk with honey. It is best known to induce sleep. So take it regularly if you have sleeping problems.

(4) Milk and honey not only help in preventing aging by keeping the skin glowing, but also improve your body as a whole as they contain antioxidants (抗氧化物). These help keep the body young and flexible. For a very long time, this has been an open secret in keeping your body look and feel young.

(5) Both milk and honey are known to ward off harmful bacteria in our body, but their combined strength is more effective in achieving this effect. Cough and cold can be prevented by taking this drink regularly. It also aids in digestion and treating bowel disorders.

**Task 1**

16. Paragraph (1)

17. Paragraph (2)

18. Paragraph (3)

19. Paragraph (4)

20. Paragraph (5)

A. Honey milk for digestion

B. Honey milk for a youthful glow

C. Honey milk for stronger bones

D. Honey milk for energy

E. Honey milk for a sound sleep

F. Honey milk for antibacterial benefits

**Task 2**

21. Milk is rich in \_\_\_\_\_.

22. Milk and honey help \_\_\_\_\_.

23. Honey helps the absorption \_\_\_\_\_.

24. Your body may bend or move easily if you \_\_\_\_\_.

25. Drinking honey milk regularly can prevent \_\_\_\_\_.

A. proteins and calcium

B. fat and sugar

C. cough and cold

D. your body look and feel young

E. drink milk and honey

F. of calcium



四、填句补文 (第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

**Insomnia (失眠)**

I just could not fall asleep the other night. I just didn't feel sleepy. I can't explain why, but it was really annoying.

I got very bored lying in bed, so I decided to read a book. 26 But even when I finished reading, I still didn't feel tired. So I listened to some peaceful music. That didn't work, either. I have heard people say if you have a warm drink before bedtime, it will help you drift off to sleep. So I went downstairs and made myself a cup of tea. 27 Still, I couldn't sleep. I was getting very frustrated by this point!

It felt strange to be awake while everyone else was asleep. 28 In fact, it was a little bit frightening. When you go to sleep, it feels like one day ends and another begins. But if you stay up late, you realize that day and night are just a gentle transition (转变), a cycle which has no end and no beginning. At 4 a.m., I noticed a faint light coming through my curtains. The sun had started to rise!

Normally, I'm a heavy sleeper. 29 So on this occasion, I consider myself lucky to see a beautiful sunrise. I knew I needed to get some rest, but it seemed the harder I tried to force myself asleep, the more difficult it was.

Eventually, I just let my mind go free. 30 I listened to the birdsong... and the next thing I knew it was 11 a.m.! I was happy that I had managed to get some sleep! I have never struggled with sleeping before, so this was my first experience of insomnia. Fortunately, I have been sleeping well since then.

- A. The world seemed so quiet.
  - B. I stopped forcing myself to sleep.
  - C. After my tea, I got back into bed.
  - D. I didn't want to wake up my family.
  - E. I thought reading would help me get to sleep.
  - F. I had never been awake at this time in the morning.

五、填词补文 (第 31~40 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

**Smiles**

A smile costs nothing but creates much. It enriches those who \_\_\_\_, without making those who give poor. It happens in a \_\_\_\_ and the memory of it sometimes lasts \_\_\_\_. None are so rich that they can get along without it, and none so \_\_\_\_ but are richer for its benefits. It creates \_\_\_\_ in the home, and fosters goodwill in a business. It is rest to the weary (疲劳的), daylight to the \_\_\_\_ and sunshine to the sad. Yet it can't be bought, begged, borrowed, or stolen, for it is something that is no earthly good to anybody till it is given \_\_\_\_. And if in the last-minute rush of Christmas \_\_\_\_, some of our salespeople should be too \_\_\_\_ to give you a smile, may we \_\_\_\_ you to leave one of yours? For nobody needs a smile so much as those who have none left to give!

A. forever	E. discouraged	I. poor
B. away	F. flash	J. enough
C. happiness	G. receive	K. buying
D. satisfied	H. tired	L. ask

六、完形补文 (第 41~50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

**The Importance of Friendship for School-age Children**

Friends are very important to school-age children's healthy (health) development. Research has \_\_\_\_ (show) that children who lack friends can suffer from emotional and mental difficulties later in life. They have also found that children with friends have a \_\_\_\_ (great) sense of happiness, better self-esteem and fewer problems as they grow up.

Friendships provide children with more than just fun \_\_\_\_ (playmate). They help children develop emotionally and \_\_\_\_ (moral). In interacting with friends, children learn many \_\_\_\_ (society) skills, such as how to communicate, and how to cooperate. They practice \_\_\_\_ (control) their emotions and responding to the emotions of others. They develop their \_\_\_\_ (able) to think through and negotiate different situations in their relationships. Having friends \_\_\_\_ (affect) children in many ways, even their school \_\_\_\_ (perform). Children tend to have better attitudes about school and learning when they have friends there. In short, friendships are not just a luxury, they are a \_\_\_\_ (necessary) for children.

七、写作 (30 分)

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题纸相应的位置上。

某英语学习报征集一篇题为“My Dream Trip”的稿件。请就此题目写一篇英文短文应征, 内容包括:

- 你最想去哪里旅游
- 为什么你最想去那里

第一部分:阅读判断

1.A 2.B 3.C 4.B 5. B

第三部分:概括段落大意和补全句子

16.D 17. C 18. E 19. B 20. F 21. A 22. D 23. F 24.E 25. C

第四部分:填句补文

26.E 27.C 28. D 29.F 30.B

第五部分:填词补文



31.G 32. F 33. A 34.I 35. C 36. E 37.B 38. K 39. H 40.L

第六部分:完形补文

41 .shown/showed 42. greater 43. playmates 44. morally

45. social 46. controlling 47. ability 48. affects 49. performances

50. necessity

第七部分: 短文写作 (第 51 题, 30 分)

【答案】

I like travelling a lot. It's one of my favourite hobbies. I have a dream of traveling to London. The reasons why I want to go there are as follow.

Firstly, traveling to London is a learning experience. Seeing other parts of the world and immersing yourself in foreign cultures opens up your eyes in ways you never thought possible.

Secondly, traveling to London allows me to escape. Whether it' s from a hard study, a job I hate, or simply a boring life, sometimes I feel like I just need to get away. A change of environment is sometimes just what I need to get over from the "sickness of my current life" and to refresh myself again.

Besides, I can meet some new great friends through this travelling.

The best thing of travelling, which I think, is that it provides the opportunities for adventures. I will definitely visit London someday.